BK 2676 PG 162

#### WARRANTY DEED

Stephen G. Burrill of Brewer, County of Penobscot and of Maine, for consideration paid, grants to Marilyn (ÉN Burrill of Brewer, County of Penobscot and State of Maine, with WARRANTY COVENANTS, my one-half interest in and to a certain lot or parcel of land, together with any and all buildings and improvements thereon, situate in Dedham, County of Hancock and State of Maine, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a corner located by an iron pipe set in the ground near a leaning pine tree on the northerly shore of Harriman's Pond; thence westerly along the shore of said pond one hundred (100) feet to an iron pipe set in the ground near a large maple tree; thence northerly one hundred fifty (150) feet to a corner; thence easterly on a line parallel to the shore of the pond one hundred (100) feet to a corner; thence southerly one hundred fifty (150) feet to the shore of the pond and the point of beginning; also the use of a right of way in common with others one (1) rod wide to said lot; the above described premises being a part of the Dodge Lot, so-called, as conveyed to Andrew J. Butler and Francena G. Butler by deed of Norman W. Gray, et al, dated July 19, 1956—and recorded in Book 797, Page 272 of Hancock County Registry of Deeds.

EXCEPTING AND RESERVING therefrom, the following lot or parcel of land, situated in the Town of Dedham, County of Hancock and State of Maine, bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at an iron pin driven into the ground on the northerly shore of Harriman's Pond, so-called, said iron pin being located fifty (50) feet west of the southeasterly corner of the lot of land conveyed by Andrew J. Butler to Eleanor M. Dowling, now Eleanor M. Fitzpatrick, and Lucy R. Monaghan, by Warranty Deed recorded in the Hancock County Registry of Deeds, Volume 943, Page 25; thence in a westerly direction by and along the shore of Harriman's Pond, so-called, a distance of fifty (50) feet, more or less, to an iron pin driven into the ground near a large maple tree; thence at an angle deflecting to the right in a general northerly direction one hundred fifty (150) feet to an iron pin driven into the ground; thence at an angle deflecting to the right in a general easterly direction fifty (50) feet to an iron pin driven into the ground; thence at an angle deflecting to the right in a general southerly direction one hundred fifty (150) feet to an iron pin driven into the ground; which is the point of beginning.

Also conveying by this deed, the use of a right of way in common with others, said right of way being one (1) rod wide, located immediately north of the lot of land herein conveyed.

For Grantor's source of title, reference may be had to Warranty Deed of Raymond E. Andersen and Joan E. Andersen to Stephen G. Burrill and Marilyn E. Burrill, dated October 25, 1985 and recorded in Volume 1557, Page 1 of Hancock County Registry of

Any and all other rights, easements, priviled to the granted estate are hereby conveyed. Witness my hand and seal this 1997. STATE OF MAINE Penobscot, ss. Personally appeared the above named Stephen G. Burrill and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be his free act and deed. Before me Notary NOTARY PUBLIC - MAINE SEAL MY COMMISSION EXPIRES OCTOBER 4 2000 (Please) print name & affix seal)

#### 97 SEP -9 AM 9: 45

REGISTER OF DEEDS HANCOCK COUNTY SS. Morally Atomassm

REGISTER

#

BK 2676PG 164

14370

WARRANTY DEED

Stephen G. Burrill of Brewer, County of Penobscot and State of Maine, for consideration paid, grants to Marilyn E. Burrill of Brewer, County of Penobscot and State of Maine, with WARRANTY COVENANTS, my one-half interest in and to two certain lots or parcels of land, together with any and all buildings and improvements thereon, situate on the northerly shore of Harriman Pond, so-called, in Dedham, County of Hancock and State of Maine, bounded and described as follows:

Parcel One: Lot #16 as depicted on a survey plan by Prentiss & Carlisle Co. entitled "Cottage Lots Harriman Pond Develop. - Dedham, Maine" recorded in Hancock County Registry of Deeds on May 4, 1966 in Book 10, Page 69. Said Lot #16 is bordered northwesterly by land of Grantee herein; northerly by land of Eastbrook Timber Co. (Inc.) part of which is Parcel #2 conveyed herein; southerly by land of Nancy Hill; and southwesterly by said Harriman Pond.

Also conveying herewith a right of way from said lot over the existing camp road to the town road near the Dedham-Orland town line.

Said Lot #16 is subject to an existing right of way owned by others over said camp road where it crosses said Lot #16.

Said Not #16 is also subject to the right of Nancy Hill to keep a

set OK wooden stairs and walkway located on the southerly end of said right of way where it hits Lot #17.

Parcel Two: Beginning at an iron rod at the most northerly corner of Lot #16 conveyed above;

Thence N 46° 20' 25" W by land of the Grantee herein 49.82 feet to a point bearing S 29° 09' 00" W 1.06 feet from an existing iron pipe, said point being the northwesterly corner of land of Grantee herein described in a deed recorded in Hancock County Registry of Deeds in Book 1557, Page 1;

Thence N 29° 09' 00" E through said iron pipe 59.51 feet to a number five rebar;

Thence N 78° 48' 55" E 37.16 feet to a number five rebar set on the westerly side of the existing camp road about nine feet from the center thereof;

Thence S 4° 00' 35" E 145.85 feet to a number five rebar to be set on the northeasterly line of Lot #16 conveyed above at a point about nine feet from the center of said camp road;

Thence N 37° 20' 25" W by said lot #16 a distance of 65.30 feet to the point of beginning, containing 0.13 acres.

Also conveying herewith a right of way from said lot over the existing camp road to the town road near the Dedham-Orland town line.

### BK 2676PG 165

For Grantor's source of title, reference may be had to Warranty Deed of Eastbrook Timber Co., Inc. to Stephen G. Burrill and Marilyn E. Burrill, dated June 24, 1996 and recorded in Book 2557, Page 202 of Hancock County Registry of Deeds.

Any and all other rights, easements, privileges and appurtenances belonging to the granted estate are hereby conveyed

Witness my hand and seal this >20 Kenley , 1997.

of

Witness:

Stephen Ğ.

STATE OF MÀINI

Penobscot, ss.

Personally appeared the above named Stephen G. Burrill and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be his free act and

deed.

Before me

Publigation Statement, JR.

NOTARY PUBLIC - MAINE

NY COMMISSION EXPIRES OCTOBER 4, 2000

(Please print name & affix seal)

It: Stephen Hunsel

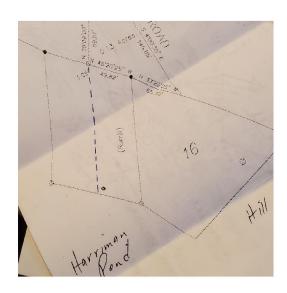
16 #

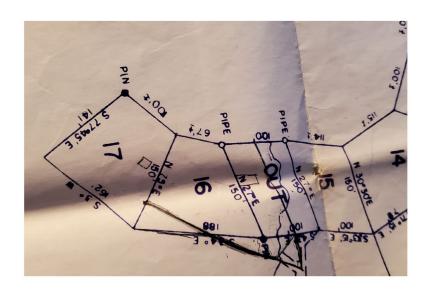
SEAL

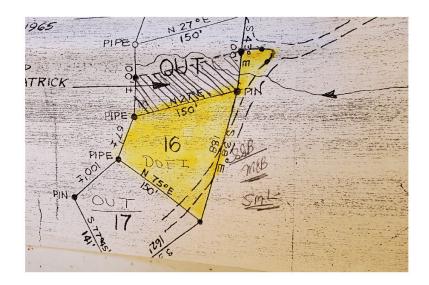
97 SEP -9 AM 9: 45

REGISTER OF DEEDS HANCOCK COUNTY SS.

REGISTER







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PROPERTY LOCATED AT: 131 Harriman Pond Lane, Dedham, Mai 04429

#### PROPERTY DISCLOSURE

Under Maine Law, certain information must be made available to buyers prior to or during preparation of an offer. This statement has been prepared to assist prospective buyers in evaluating this property. This disclosure is not a warranty of the condition of the property and is not part of any contract between Seller and any Buyer. Seller authorizes the disclosure of the information in this statement to real estate licensees and to prospective buyers of this property. The Seller agrees to provide prompt notice of any changes in the information and this form will be appropriately changed with an amendment date. Inspections are highly recommended.

DO NOT LEAVE ANY QUESTIONS BLANK. STRIKE, WRITE N/A OR UNKNOWN IF NEEDED.

	SECTION I — WATER SUPPLY
TYPE OF SYSTI	EM: Public Private X Seasonal Pump from Lake Unknown  Drilled Dug Other
MALFUNCTION	NS: Are you aware of or have you experienced any malfunctions with the (public/private/other) water system?
	Pump (if any):
	Ouantity: Yes No X Unknown
	Ouality:
	If Yes to any question, please explain in the comment section below or with attachment.
WATER TEST:	Have you had the water tested?
<del>IF PRIVATE: (S</del>	trike Section if Not Applicable):
	HON: Location:
	Installed by:
	Date of Installation:
USE:	Number of persons currently using system:
	Does system supply water for more than one household? Yes No Unknown
Comments: Wat	er pump was working when used 15 + years ago
	n I information: Owner
Buyer Initials	Page 1 of 7 Seller Initials //
ERA Dawson Bradford Compa	any, 417 Main St Banger ME 04401 Phone: 2072997555 Fax: I3I Harriman Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201 www.lwolf.com

### PROPERTY LOCATED AT: 131 Harriman Pond Lane, Dedham, Mai 04429

SECTION II — WASTE WATER DISPOSAL
TYPE OF SYSTEM: Public Quasi-Public Unknown
IF PUBLIC OR QUASI-PUBLIC (Strike Section if Not Applicable):  Have you had the sewer line inspected?
If Yes, what results:
Have you experienced any problems such as line or other malfunctions?
What steps were taken to remedy the problem?
Tank: Septic Tank Holding Tank Cesspool Other:  Tank Size: 500 Gallon Unknown Other:  Tank Type: Concrete Metal Unknown Other:  Location:
Date installed: - Name of pumping company:
Have you experienced any malfunctions?
If Yes, give the date and describe the problem:
If Tes, give the date and describe the problem.
Date of last servicing of tank:  Leach Field:  Date of installation of leach field:  Date of last servicing of leach field:  Have you experienced any malfunctions?  If Yes, give the date and describe the problem and what steps were taken to remedy:
Do you have records of the design indicating the # of bedrooms the system was designed for? Yes No
If Yes, are they available?
Is System located in a Shoreland Zone? Yes No Unknown
Comments:
Source of Section II information: Owner
Buyer Initials Page 2 of 7 Seller Initials Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201 www.lwolf.com 131 Harriman

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### PROPERTY LOCATED AT: 131 Harriman Pond Lane, Dedham, Mai 04429

SEC	TION III — HEATIN	NG SYSTEM(S)/HEA	TING SOURCES(S	
	SYSTEM 1	SYSTEM 2	SYSTEM 3	SYSTEM 4
Heating System(s) or Source(s)	Wood Stove			
TYPE(S) Age of system(s) or source(s)	Unknown			
Name of company that services				
system(s) or source(s)	NA			
Date of most recent service call				
Annual consumption per system				
or source (i.e., gallons, kilowatt	NA			
hours, cords)				
Malfunction per system(s) or	Unknown			
source(s) within past 2 years Other pertinent information	Christia			
Other pertinent information				
Are there fuel supply line	-0		Yes	No Unknown
Are there fuel supply line	S:		Yes [	No Unknown
Are any buried?	•••••			No Unknown
Are all sleeved?			103	X No
Chimney(s):			103	
TEVes are they lined				
Is more than one heat	source vented through	h one flue?	103	
IS MOTE than one near			Yes	X No Unknown
Had a chimney life.	:atad?		Yes	X No Unknown
If Yes, date:				
Date chimney(s) last	cleaned:		Yes	X No Unknown
Direct/Power Vent(s):			Yes	X No Unknown
Has vent(s) been insp	ected?		1 cs	A No - one
Comments: Stove pipe for	or woodstove			
Source of Section III info	rmation: Owner			
Boares of Street	SECTION IV	– HAZARDOUS MA	ATERIAL	
The licensee is disclosing	11 - t the Caller is mak	ing representations co	ntained herein.	
The licensee is disclosing  A. UNDERGROUND	mat the seller is make	Are there now of	have there ever be	en, any underground
A. UNDERGROUND	STORAGE TANKS	- Ale mere now, or	Yes	X No Unknown
storage tanks on the propo	erty?			No Unknown
If Yes, are tanks in curren	nt use?			_ No _ Olikilowii
If no longer in use how h	and have they been ou	t of service?		No Unknown
If tanks are no longer in u	ise, have tanks been at	andoned according to	DEITY   Yes	No Unknown
Are tanks registered with	DEP?		···········	No Unknown
Age of tank(s):	<del>Siz</del>	ze of tank(s):		
Location:				
ayer pr		Dans 2 of 7	Seller Initials Mes	
Buyer Initials				
Reduced will	b Lone Wolf Transactions (zinForm Edit	tion) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dall	as, TX 75201 www.lwolf.com	131 Harriman

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ROPERTY LOCATED AT: 131 Harriman Pond Lane, Dedham, Mai 04429		
1 in the Applicable		
What materials are, or were, stored in the tank(s)?	-Yes	□ No □ Unknown
Have you experienced any problems such as leakage:	103	
Comments: None to the owner's knowledge		
Source of information: Owner		
<b>B.</b> ASBESTOS — Is there now or has there been asbestos:		₩ N □ 11-1
As insulation on the heating system pipes or duct work?	Yes	X No Unknown
In the ceilings?	Yes	X No Unknown
In the siding?	Yes	X No Unknown
In the roofing shingles?	Yes	X No Unknown
In flooring tiles?	Yes	X No Unknown
Other:	Yes	No Unknown
Comments: None to the owner's knowledge		
Source of information: Owner		
C. RADON/AIR - Current or previously existing:		
Has the property been tested?	Yes	X No Unknown
If Yes: Date:By:		
Results:		
If applicable, what remedial steps were taken?		
Has the property been tested since remedial steps?	Yes	No Unknown
Are test results available?	Yes	No No
Results/Comments:		
Source of information: Owner		
D. RADON/WATER - Current or previously existing:		
Has the property been tested?	Yes	X No Unknown
H Yes: Date:By:		The land golden
Results:		1111
If applicable, what remedial steps were taken?		
Has the property been tested since remedial steps?	Yes	No Unknown
Are test results available?	Yes	□ No
Results/Comments:		
Source of information: Owner		
E. METHAMPHETAMINE - Current or previously existing:	☐ Yes	X No Unknown
Comments: Not to the owner's knowledge Source of information: Owner		
Source of information. Owner		
	tials M.B	
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PROPERTY LOCATED AT: 131 Harriman Pond Lane, Dedham, Mai 04429
F. LEAD-BASED PAINT/PAINT HAZARDS — (Note: Lead-based paint is most commonly found in homes
Is there now or has there ever been lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards on the property?
If Yes, describe location and basis for determination:  Yes, describe location and basis for determination:  Yes, V No.
Do you know of any records/reports pertaining to such lead-based paint/lead-based paint hazards: Yes X No
If Yes, describe: Yes No
Are you aware of any cracking, peeling or flaking paint?
Comments: Maybe due to last maintenance being over 10 + years
Source of information: Owner
G. OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS - Current or previously existing:  Yes X No Unknown
TOXIC MATERIAL:
LAND FILL:
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL:
Other: None to the owner's knowledge
Source of information: Owner
Buyers are encouraged to seek information from professionals regarding any specific issue or concern.
SECTION V — GENERAL INFORMATION
Is the property subject to or have the benefit of any encroachments, easements, rights-of-way, leases, rights of
first refusal, life estates, private ways, trails, homeowner associations (including condominiums
and PUD's) or restrictive covenants?
1 100, 0.1-1-1-1
Source of information: Owner & Public Records
Is access by means of a way owned and maintained by the State, a county, or a municipality over which the public has a right to pass?
Tione
Buyer Initials
Page 5 of 7 Seller Initials
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131 Harriman

/ Liggn Envelope ID: FCA07704-695B-4DF4-A685-E1FD90C467DB

PROPERTY LOCATED AT: 131 Harriman Pond Lane, Dedham, Mai 04	4429
Are there any tax exemptions or reductions for this property for	any reason including but not limited to:
Tree Growth, Open Space and Farmland, Veteran's, Homestead E	xemption, Blind, Working Waterfront?
Ilee Glowin, open opine and a minimum,	Yes X No Unknown
If Yes, explain:	
Is a Forest Management and Harvest Plan available?	Yes No X Chalews
11 G 1:	on of flood zone) Yes
Equipment leased or not owned (including but not limited to	, propane tank, hot water heater, satellite dish,
water filtration system, photovoltaics, wind turbines): Type:	NA
Year Finicipal Structure Butter	
What year did Schor dequire property	to 15 years ago
Root. Tear Stange	lan
Water, moisture or leakage: Not to the owners knowled Comments: Hancock Registry of Deeds showed it as l	and in 1956 and camp with next deed in 1978
Comments: Hancock Registry of Deeds showed a	
Foundation/Basement:  Is there a Sump Pump?	<del>Yes</del> No Unknown
Here a Sump Pump?	Yes No Unknown
Water, moisture or leakage?	Yes No Unknown
Comments:	Yes X No Unknown
Mold: Has the property ever been tested for mold?  If Yes, are test results available?	Yes  No
Comments: Other: Other:	Unknown
Comments:	Yes No Unknown
Has all or a portion of the property seem survey  If Yes, is the survey available?	Yes No Unknown
Manufactured Housing – Is the residence a:	
Manufactured Housing – is the residence and Mobile Home	Yes X No Unknown
	I cs A 10
Modular  Known defects or hazardous materials caused by insect or anim	al infestation hiside of on the residential
Known defects of flazardous flatoring	Yes No Unknown M
	lamage
WNOWN MATERIAL DEFECTS about Physical Condition a	nd/or value of Property, metading those that may
have an adverse impact on health/safety: None known to the	owners knowledge
Comments:	
Source of Section V information: Seller	
Page 6 of 7	Seller Initials MEB
Buyer initials	te 2200. Dallas. TX 75201 www.lwolf.com 131 Harriman

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PROPERTY LOCATED AT: 131 Harriman Pond Lane, Dedham, Mai 04429

		NAL INFORMATION	
Two separate deeds, lots 15 & 16. book 2676/ Pa	ages 162	2&104.	
ATTACHMENTS EXPLAINING CURRENT PR INFORMATION IN ANY SECTION IN DISCLO	OBLEM OSURE:	IS, PAST REPAIRS OR AD	DITIONAL Yes X No
Seller shall be responsible and liable for any fail defects to the Buyer.	lure to p	rovide known information re	egarding known material
Neither Seller nor any Broker makes any represent of any sort, whether state, municipal, federal or an electrical or plumbing.	ly ouler,	mending out not many	
As Sellers, we have provided the above information our knowledge, all systems and equipment, unless	on and ro	epresent that all information se noted on this form, are in o	is correct. To the best of perational condition.
	2020		<u> </u>
Marily Bury 29 5 SELLER DAT	TE Z	SELLER	DATE
Marilyn Burrill			
SELLER DAT	Ē	SELLER	DATE
I/We have read and received a copy of this disc brochure, and understand that I/we should seek infor concerns.	closure, t	the arsenic in wood fact she n from qualified professiona	eet, the arsenic in water ls if I/we have questions
BUYER DATI	Ē	BUYER	DATE
BUYER DATE	Ē	BUYER	DATE
	Page 7 of	7	
Maine Association of REALTORS®/Copyright © All Rights Reserved. Revised 2022.	2022.		SOUR HOUSENED COPORTUNITY

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### LEAD PAINT DISCLOSURE/ADDENDUM

AGREEMENT BETWEEN Marilyn	Burrill		(hereinafter	"Seller")
AND			(hereinafter	"Buyer")
FOR PROPERTY LOCATED AT 131	Harriman Pond La	ne, Dedham, Mai 04429		
Said contract is further subject to the fol	lowing terms:			
Lead Warning Statement Every purchaser of any interest in reside property may present exposure to lead fi poisoning in young children may proquotient, behavioral problems, and impany interest in residential real property assessments or inspections in the seller's inspection for possible lead-based paint h	rom lead-based paint duce permanent neural memory. Lead just required to provide possession and notifications.	that may place young clinding rological damage, including poisoning also poses a partic the buyer with any informaty the buyer of any known leav	learning disabilities, reduced in ular risk to pregnant women. The	ntelligence e seller of from risk
Seller's Disclosure (check one)  a) Presence of lead-based paint and/or Known lead-based paint and/or possible due to age	lead hased paint haza	rds (check one below):	(explain).	
X Seller has no knowledge of lead-	-based paint and/or le	ad-based paint hazards in the	housing.	
Seller has provided the Buyer v hazards in the housing (list docu	Seller (check one bel- with all available reco			sed paint
X Seller has no reports or records p	artaining to lead-base	ed paint and/or lead-based pai	nt hazards in the housing.	
<ul> <li>Buyer's Acknowledgment</li> <li>Buyer has received copies of all infor</li> <li>Buyer has received the pamphlet Prot</li> <li>Buyer has (check one below):         <ul> <li>Received a 10-day opportunity (of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	or mutually agreed up	pon period) to conduct a risk	assessment or inspection for the	presence ad-based
gent's Acknowledgment Agent has informed the Seller of the	Seller's obligations un	nder 42 U.S.C. 4852(d) and is	s aware of his/her responsibility	to ensure
ertification of Accuracy e following parties have reviewed the invided is true and accurate.	nformation above and	certify, to the best of their k	nowledge, that the information to	
yer	Date	Seller Marilyn Burrill		
ver	Date	Seller		ate
ver	Date	Seller	Ds	ate
ver	Date	Sciensigned by: Eatly Busson	F-D 7/28/20	
ent	Date	Agent Kathy Benson	D	ate
Maine Association of REALTOR All Rights Reserved. Revised 2020	S®/Copyright © 202	22.		企
All Rights Reserved. Revised 2020		Phone: 20729975	55 Fax: 1:	31 Harriman





# Your **Family From** Lead in Your Home





**United States** Environmental **Protection Agency** 



**United States Consumer Product** Safety Commission



**United States** Department of Housing and Urban Development

December 2012

### Are You Planning to Buy or Rent a Home Built **Before 1978?**

Did you know that many homes built before 1978 have lead-based paint? Lead from paint, chips, and dust can pose serious health hazards.

#### Read this entire brochure to learn:

- How lead gets into the body
- About health effects of lead
- What you can do to protect your family
- Where to go for more information

### Before renting or buying a pre-1978 home or apartment, federal law requires:

- Sellers must disclose known information on lead-based paint or leadbased paint hazards before selling a house.
- Real estate sales contracts must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint. Buyers have up to 10 days to check for lead.
- Landlords must disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before leases take effect. Leases must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint.

### If undertaking renovations, repairs, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or apartment:

 Read EPA's pamphlet, The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right, to learn about the lead-safe work practices that contractors are required to follow when working in your home (see page 12).



# Simple Steps to Protect Your Family from Lead Hazards

#### If you think your home has lead-based paint:

- · Don't try to remove lead-based paint yourself.
- Always keep painted surfaces in good condition to minimize deterioration.
- Get your home checked for lead hazards. Find a certified inspector or risk assessor at epa.gov/lead.
- Talk to your landlord about fixing surfaces with peeling or chipping paint.
- Regularly clean floors, window sills, and other surfaces.
- Take precautions to avoid exposure to lead dust when remodeling.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or stateapproved Lead-Safe certified renovation firms.
- Before buying, renting, or renovating your home, have it checked for lead-based paint.
- Consult your health care provider about testing your children for lead. Your pediatrician can check for lead with a simple blood test.
- Wash children's hands, bottles, pacifiers, and toys often.
- Make sure children eat healthy, low-fat foods high in iron, calcium, and vitamin C.
- Remove shoes or wipe soil off shoes before entering your house.

### **Lead Gets into the Body in Many Ways**

#### Adults and children can get lead into their bodies if they:

- Breathe in lead dust (especially during activities such as renovations, repairs, or painting that disturb painted surfaces).
- Swallow lead dust that has settled on food, food preparation surfaces, and other places.
- Eat paint chips or soil that contains lead.

### Lead is especially dangerous to children under the age of 6.

- At this age, children's brains and nervous systems are more sensitive to the damaging effects of lead.
- Children's growing bodies absorb more lead.
- Babies and young children often put their hands and other objects in their mouths. These objects can have lead dust on them.



## Women of childbearing age should know that lead is dangerous to a developing fetus.

 Women with a high lead level in their system before or during pregnancy risk exposing the fetus to lead through the placenta during fetal development.

2

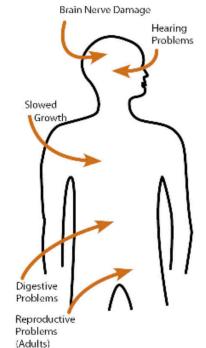
### **Health Effects of Lead**

Lead affects the body in many ways. It is important to know that even exposure to low levels of lead can severely harm children.

### In children, exposure to lead can cause:

- Nervous system and kidney damage
- · Learning disabilities, attention deficit disorder, and decreased intelligence
- Speech, language, and behavior problems
- Poor muscle coordination
- Decreased muscle and bone growth
- Hearing damage

While low-lead exposure is most common, exposure to high amounts of lead can have devastating effects on children, including seizures, unconsciousness, and, in some cases, death.



Although children are especially susceptible to lead exposure, lead can be dangerous for adults, too.

### In adults, exposure to lead can cause:

- Harm to a developing fetus
- Increased chance of high blood pressure during pregnancy

- Fertility problems (in men and women)
- High blood pressure
- Digestive problems
- Nerve disorders
- Memory and concentration problems
- Muscle and joint pain

3

### **Check Your Family for Lead**

#### Get your children and home tested if you think your home has lead.

Children's blood lead levels tend to increase rapidly from 6 to 12 months of age, and tend to peak at 18 to 24 months of age.

Consult your doctor for advice on testing your children. A simple blood test can detect lead. Blood lead tests are usually recommended for:

- Children at ages 1 and 2
- Children or other family members who have been exposed to high levels of lead
- Children who should be tested under your state or local health screening plan

Your doctor can explain what the test results mean and if more testing will be needed.

4

### Where Lead-Based Paint Is Found

In general, the older your home or childcare facility, the more likely it has lead-based paint.1

Many homes, including private, federally-assisted, federallyowned housing, and childcare facilities built before 1978 have **lead-based paint.** In 1978, the federal government banned consumer uses of lead-containing paint.2

Learn how to determine if paint is lead-based paint on page 7.

#### Lead can be found:

- In homes and childcare facilities in the city, country, or suburbs,
- In private and public single-family homes and apartments,
- On surfaces inside and outside of the house, and
- In soil around a home. (Soil can pick up lead from exterior paint or other sources, such as past use of leaded gas in cars.)

Learn more about where lead is found at epa.gov/lead.

> 1 "Lead-based paint" is currently defined by the federal government as paint with lead levels greater than or equal to 1.0 milligram per square centimeter (mg/cm), or more than 0.5% by weight.

### **Identifying Lead-Based Paint and Lead-Based Paint Hazards**

Deteriorating lead-based paint (peeling, chipping, chalking, **cracking, or damaged paint)** is a hazard and needs immediate attention. **Lead-based paint** may also be a hazard when found on surfaces that children can chew or that get a lot of wear and tear, such as:

- On windows and window sills
- Doors and door frames
- Stairs, railings, banisters, and porches

Lead-based paint is usually not a hazard if it is in good condition and if it is not on an impact or friction surface like a window.

**Lead dust** can form when lead-based paint is scraped, sanded, or heated. Lead dust also forms when painted surfaces containing lead bump or rub together. Lead paint chips and dust can get on surfaces and objects that people touch. Settled lead dust can reenter the air when the home is vacuumed or swent, or when people walk

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Lead-containing paint" is currently defined by the federal government as lead in new dried paint in excess of 90 parts per million (ppm) by weight.

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are an when are nome is vacuation or swept, or when people walk through it. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in dust as hazardous:

- 40 micrograms per square foot (µg/ft²) and higher for floors, including carpeted floors
- 250 μg/ft<sup>2</sup> and higher for interior window sills

**Lead in soil** can be a hazard when children play in bare soil or when people bring soil into the house on their shoes. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in soil as hazardous:

- 400 parts per million (ppm) and higher in play areas of bare soil
- 1,200 ppm (average) and higher in bare soil in the remainder of the yard

Remember, lead from paint chips—which you can see—and lead dust—which you may not be able to see—both can be hazards.

The only way to find out if paint, dust, or soil lead hazards exist is to test for them. The next page describes how to do this.

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### **Checking Your Home for Lead**

You can get your home tested for lead in several different ways:

- A lead-based paint inspection tells you if your home has leadbased paint and where it is located. It won't tell you whether your home currently has lead hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a lead-based paint inspector, will conduct a paint inspection using methods, such as:
  - Portable x-ray fluorescence (XRF) machine
  - Lab tests of paint samples
- A risk assessment tells you if your home currently has any lead hazards from lead in paint, dust, or soil. It also tells you what actions to take to address any hazards. A

> trained and certified testing professional, called a risk assessor, will:



- Sample paint that is deteriorated on doors, windows, floors, stairs, and walls
- Sample dust near painted surfaces and sample bare soil in the yard
- Get lab tests of paint, dust, and soil samples
- A combination inspection and risk assessment tells you if your home has any lead-based paint and if your home has any lead hazards, and where both are located.

Be sure to read the report provided to you after your inspection or risk assessment is completed, and ask questions about anything you do not understand.

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### Checking Your Home for Lead, continued

In preparing for renovation, repair, or painting work in a pre-1978 home, Lead-Safe Certified renovators (see page 12) may:

- Take paint chip samples to determine if lead-based paint is present in the area planned for renovation and send them to an EPA-recognized lead lab for analysis. In housing receiving federal assistance, the person collecting these samples must be a certified lead-based paint inspector or risk assessor
- Use EPA-recognized tests kits to determine if lead-based paint is absent (but not in housing receiving federal assistance)
- Presume that lead-based paint is present and use lead-safe work practices

> There are state and federal programs in place to ensure that testing is done safely, reliably, and effectively. Contact your state or local agency for more information, visit epa.gov/lead, or call 1-800-424-LEAD (5323) for a list of contacts in your area.3

### What You Can Do Now to Protect Your Family

If you suspect that your house has lead-based paint hazards, you can take some immediate steps to reduce your family's risk:

- If you rent, notify your landlord of peeling or chipping paint.
- Keep painted surfaces clean and free of dust. Clean floors, window frames, window sills, and other surfaces weekly. Use a mop or sponge with warm water and a general all-purpose cleaner. (Remember: never mix ammonia and bleach products together because they can form a dangerous gas.)

<sup>3</sup> Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access this number through TTY by calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8399.

Carefully clean up paint chips immediately without creating dust.

- Thoroughly rinse sponges and mop heads often during cleaning of dirty or dusty areas, and again afterward.
- Wash your hands and your children's hands often, especially before they eat and before nap time and bed time.
- Keep play areas clean. Wash bottles, pacifiers, toys, and stuffed animals regularly.
- Keep children from chewing window sills or other painted surfaces, or eating soil.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or stateapproved Lead-Safe Certified renovation firms (see page 12).
- Clean or remove shoes before entering your home to avoid tracking in lead from soil.
- Make sure children eat nutritious, low-fat meals high in iron, and calcium, such as spinach and dairy products. Children with good diets absorb less lead.

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### **Reducing Lead Hazards**

Disturbing lead-based paint or removing lead improperly can increase the hazard to your family by spreading even more lead dust around the house.



not permanent solutions and will need

ongoing attention.





- You can minimize exposure to lead when renovating, repairing, or painting by hiring an EPA- or statecertified renovator who is trained in the use of lead-safe work practices. If you are a do-it-yourselfer, learn how to use lead-safe work practices in your home.
- To remove lead hazards permanently, you should hire a certified lead abatement contractor. Abatement (or permanent hazard elimination) methods include removing, sealing, or enclosing lead-based paint with special materials. Just painting over the hazard with regular paint is not permanent control.

### Always use a certified contractor who is trained to address lead hazards safely.

- Hire a Lead-Safe Certified firm (see page 12) to perform renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects that disturb painted surfaces.
- To correct lead hazards permanently, hire a certified lead abatement professional. This will ensure your contractor knows how to work safely and has the proper equipment to clean up thoroughly.

Certified contractors will employ qualified workers and follow strict safety rules as set by their state or by the federal government.

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### **Reducing Lead Hazards, continued**

If your home has had lead abatement work done or if the housing is receiving federal assistance, once the work is completed, dust cleanup

activities must be conducted until clearance testing indicates that lead dust levels are below the following levels:

- 40 micrograms per square foot (µg/ft²) for floors, including carpeted floors
- 250 μg/ft² for interior windows sills
- 400 µg/ft² for window troughs

For help in locating certified lead abatement professionals in your area, call your state or local agency (see pages 14 and 15), or visit epa.gov/lead, or call 1-800-424-LEAD.

#### with Lead-Based Paint

### If you hire a contractor to conduct renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or childcare facility (such as pre-school and kindergarten), your contractor must:

- Be a Lead-Safe Certified firm approved by EPA or an EPA-authorized state program
- Use qualified trained individuals (Lead-Safe) Certified renovators) who follow specific lead-safe work practices to prevent lead contamination
- Provide a copy of EPA's lead hazard information document, The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right



### RRP contractors working in pre-1978 homes and childcare facilities must follow lead-safe work practices that:

- Contain the work area. The area must be contained so that dust and debris do not escape from the work area. Warning signs must be put up, and plastic or other impermeable material and tape must be used.
- Avoid renovation methods that generate large amounts of **lead-contaminated dust.** Some methods generate so much leadcontaminated dust that their use is prohibited. They are:
  - Open-flame burning or torching
  - Sanding, grinding, planing, needle gunning, or blasting with power tools and equipment not equipped with a shroud and HEPA vacuum attachment and
  - Using a heat gun at temperatures greater than 1100°F
- Clean up thoroughly. The work area should be cleaned up daily. When all the work is done, the area must be cleaned up using special cleaning methods.
- Dispose of waste properly. Collect and seal waste in a heavy duty bag or sheeting. When transported, ensure that waste is contained to prevent release of dust and debris.

To learn more about EPA's requirements for RRP projects visit epa.gov/getleadsafe, or read The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right.

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### Other Sources of Lead

#### While paint, dust, and soil are the most common sources of lead, other lead sources also exist:

- Drinking water. Your home might have plumbing with lead or lead solder. You cannot see, smell, or taste lead, and boiling your water will not get rid of lead. If you think your plumbing might contain lead:
  - Use only cold water for drinking and cooking.
  - Run water for 15 to 30 seconds before drinking it, especially if you have not used your water for a few hours.

Call your local health department or water supplier to find out about testing your water, or visit epa.gov/lead for EPA's lead in drinking water information.

- Lead smelters or other industries that release lead into the air.
- Your job. If you work with lead, you could bring it home on your body or clothes. Shower and change clothes before coming home. Launder your work clothes separately from the rest of your family's clothes.
- Hobbies that use lead, such as making pottery or stained glass, or refinishing furniture. Call your local health department for information about hobbies that may use lead.
- Old toys and furniture may have been painted with lead-containing paint. Older toys and other children's products may have parts that contain lead.⁴
- Food and liquids cooked or stored in lead crystal or lead-glazed pottery or porcelain may contain lead.
- Folk remedies, such as "greta" and "azarcon," used to treat an upset stomach.

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In 1978, the federal government banned toys, other children's products, and furniture with lead-containing paint (16 CFR 1303). In 2008, the federal government banned lead in most children's products. The federal government currently bans lead in excess of 100 ppm by weight in most children's products (76 FR 44463).

### For More Information

#### The National Lead Information Center

Learn how to protect children from lead poisoning and get other information about lead hazards on the Web at epa.gov/lead and hud.gov/lead, or call 1-800-424-LEAD (5323).

#### EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline

For information about lead in drinking water, call 1-800-426-4791, or visit epa.gov/lead for information about lead in drinking water.

#### Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Hotline

For information on lead in toys and other consumer products, or to report an unsafe consumer product or a product-related injury, call 1-800-638-2772, or visit CPSC's website at cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov.

#### State and Local Health and Environmental Agencies

Some states, tribes, and cities have their own rules related to leadbased paint. Check with your local agency to see which laws apply to you. Most agencies can also provide information on finding a lead abatement firm in your area, and on possible sources of financial aid for reducing lead hazards. Receive up-to-date address and phone information for your state or local contacts on the Web at epa.gov/lead, or contact the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD.

Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access any of the phone numbers in this brochure through TTY by calling the tollfree Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

### U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) **Regional Offices**

The mission of EPA is to protect human health and the environment. Your Regional EPA Office can provide further information regarding regulations and lead protection programs.

Region 1 (Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 1 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100, OES 05-4 Boston, MA 02109-3912 (888) 372-7341

Region 2 (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 2 2890 Woodbridge Avenue Building 205, Mail Stop 225 Edison, NJ 08837-3679 (732) 321-6671

Region 3 (Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, DC, West Virginia)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 3 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103 (215) 814-2088

Region 4 (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 4 AFC Tower, 12th Floor, Air, Pesticides & Toxics 61 Forsyth Street, SW Atlanta, GA 30303 (404) 562-8998

Region 5 (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)

Region 6 (Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, and 66 Tribes)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor Dallas, TX 75202-2733 (214) 665-2704

Region 7 (Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 7 11201 Renner Blvd. WWPD/TOPE Lenexa, KS 66219 (800) 223-0425

Region 8 (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 8 1595 Wynkoop St. Denver, CO 80202 (303) 312-6966

Region 9 (Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 9 (CMD-4-2) 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 947-4280

Region 10 (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 10 Solid Waste & Toxics Unit (WCM-128) Kegionai Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 5 (DT-8J) 77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, IL 60604-3666 (312) 886-7836 flexmls Web 1200 Sixth Avenue, Suite 900 Seattle, WA 98101 (206) 553-1200

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### **Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC)**

The CPSC protects the public against unreasonable risk of injury from consumer products through education, safety standards activities, and enforcement. Contact CPSC for further information regarding consumer product safety and regulations.

#### CPSC

4330 East West Highway Bethesda, MD 20814-4421 1-800-638-2772 cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov

# U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

HUD's mission is to create strong, sustainable, inclusive communities and quality affordable homes for all. Contact HUD's Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control for further information regarding the Lead Safe Housing Rule, which protects families in pre-1978 assisted housing, and for the lead hazard control and research grant programs.

#### HUD

451 Seventh Street, SW, Room 8236 Washington, DC 20410-3000 (202) 402-7698 hud.gov/offices/lead/

permission. Information provided in this booklet is based upon current scientific and technical understanding of the issues presented and is reflective of the jurisdictional boundaries established by the statutes governing the co-authoring agencies. Following the advice given will not necessarily provide complete protection in all situations or against all health hazards that can be caused by lead exposure.

U. S. EPA Washington DC 20460 U. S. CPSC Bethesda MD 20814 U. S. HUD Washington DC 20410 EPA-747-K-12-001 December 2012

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### **IMPORTANT!**

### Lead From Paint, Dust, and Soil in and Around Your Home Can Be Dangerous if Not Managed Properly

- Children under 6 years old are most at risk for lead poisoning in your home.
- Lead exposure can harm young children and babies even before they are born.
- Homes, schools, and child care facilities built before 1978 are likely to contain lead-based paint.
- Even children who seem healthy may have dangerous levels of lead in their bodies.
- Disturbing surfaces with lead-based paint or removing lead-based paint improperly can increase the danger to your family.
- People can get lead into their bodies by breathing or swallowing lead dust, or by eating soil or paint chips containing lead.

• People have many options for reducing lead hazards. Generally, lead-based paint that is in good condition is not a hazard (see page 10).